Lesson 2 Saying Goodbye and Expressing Regret (10 pts.)

1. **How do you say “Goodbye” in your country?**

Zàijiàn is how to say goodbye in Chinese.

1. **Are there different ways of saying “Goodbye”? Why?**

There are many different ways to say goodbye. This is because depending who you are talking to it is polite to say goodbye in a certain way. For example if you say goodbye to a business person you would say the formal goodbye.

1. **What are some of the other ways of saying “Goodbye”? Indicate when and for whom they should be used:**

Huí tóu jiàn (see you later) and gào cí le (so long) can be said by anyone but usually a friend.

Expressing Regret

If you are the offender (the person who needs to say “I’m sorry!”)…

1. **What are examples of different situations for saying “I’m sorry!” in your host culture?**

Too much physical contact in China would be a good situation to say sorry. Also when you trip someone, spill something or lie.

1. **What do you say if you do something awkward, like bump into someone?**

Yuánliàng wǒ means excuse me and would be appropriate in this situation.

1. **What do you say if something sad has happened to someone?**

Zhēn yí hàn which means it’s a pity.

1. **What do you say if you’ve forgotten something or done/said something inappropriate?**

Wǒ zuò cuòle, qǐng yuánliàng wǒ which means I have done wrong forgive me.

1. **What kinds of response(s) could you expect to hear from the person you’ve offended in each situation (if mentioned in your language lesson)? Write their response in (parentheses) beside each version of “I’m sorry”**

I would say Nǐ shānghàile wǒ which means you have hurt me.